



Is there a future for statistical surveys?

Surveyföreningens jubileumkonferens Statistikfrämjandet

Barteld Braaksma (b.braaksma@cbs.nl) Innovation Manager, Statistics Netherlands (CBS)

Stockholm, 16 October 2024



What is CBS (Statistics Netherlands)?



- Established 1899, 5 employees at Binnenhof
- 1949-1973: 23 locations in The Hague
- 1973-2008: Voorburg
- 2008-now : Leidschenveen
- 1974-now : Heerlen
- Since 10-10-10: Bonaire

Two (three) offices- or twenty?



Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek

- 1982: 3600 employees
- 2024: 2000 employees





Mission of the European Statistical System

"We provide the European Union, the world and the public with **independent high quality information** on the economy and society on European, national and regional levels and make the information **available to everyone** for decision-making purposes, research and debate."





Presupposes availability of adequate data sources (NOT necessarily surveys!)

From surveys via admin data to big data



Alternatives to surveys



Access to government registers by CBS





Where is everybody during a typical Tuesday?



vodafone

鬯





Many issues with surveys...



Are surveys still feasible?

- PAPI -> CAPI -> CATI -> CAWI -> CAMI
- Tendency to cheaper modes
- Decreasing response rates
- How to find respondents?
- How to motivate respondents?
- CATI under pressure
- Data collection and processing takes time
- Timeliness becomes more important than accuracy
- Less costly alternatives
- 'Race to the bottom'





Decreasing appetite to contribute

≡ Menu **NTC**

Ophef over het CBSdiversiteitsproject dat kansengelijkheid op de arbeidsmarkt moet vergroten

Kansenongelijkheid arbeidsmarkt De Universiteit van Utrecht schort deelname aan het project op nadat personeelsleden in de universiteitsraad zorgen hadden geuit. "Het lijkt me niet goed mensen in te delen in westers of niet-westers."

🖋 Wilmer Heck 💿 14 april 2021 om 22:51 Ō Leestijd 3 minuten

🕿 f --- 🚺



Goal: describe diversity of employees of Utrecht University (reduce discrimination)

Concerns about CBSproject that aims to increase equality on labour market

'It is not OK to divide people in ethnic groups'



11

Big Tech is taking over Facebook COVID19 symptoms survey





https://dataforgood.fb.com/docs/covid19/

Publicly Available Aggregated Data •Aggregated US survey data are made available to the public by Carnegie Mellon University's Delphi Research Group.

•<u>Aggregated non-US survey data</u> are made available to the public by University of Maryland. **Request Access to Non-Aggregated Data for Research Purposes**

Could we collaborate with them?



Al is taking over

Nobel Prize 2024 for Physics for neural network research

Nobel Prize 2024 for Chemistry for 3D molecule structures using AI

Nobel Prize 2024 for Literature for a novel written by ChatGPT

Can we use AI with surveys?

- Input: Explain questions
- Throughput: AI-enhanced processing
- Output: Find results (StatGPT)

Surveys on AI use and perception



"IT FIGURES. IF THERE'S ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE, THERE'S BOUND TO BE SOME ARTIFICIAL STUPIDITY."

Many opportunities for surveys



Going Mobile











Household Budget Survey

(experimental)









 $\textcircled{\ensuremath{\mathsf{@HBS}}}$ >An app-assisted approach for the Household Budget Survey

udget Survey (Eurostat)

SURS

Collaborations and citizen engagement



METEN. WETEN. VERBETEREN.

Over het gebruik van de auto en het OV is veel bekend. Maar van de meer dan 14 miljoen fietsers in ons land weten we veel minder. Daarom onderzoeken we leder jaar hoe we ons op de fiets verplaatsen, met welke snelheld, op welke tijdstippen, met hoeveel tegelijk en waar de grote vertragingen zijn. Hoe meer we weten, hoe meer we onze fietspaden kunnen verbeteren.

Heel Nederland telt mee Op de kaart kun je zien hoeveel deelnemers per provincie meetellen.





National Bicycle Counting Week using an app (40 thousand participants)

Can we turn this into statistics?



Yes we can!







New roles for surveys?

Rapid Survey Systems (apps, sensors, ...)

Quality control for other data sources

Training data for machine learning algorithms

Focus on what secondary sources cannot do (attitudes, perceptions and sentiments)

Combine quantitative and qualitative analysis (follow up survey with interview)





Embrace advanced methods

- Non-probability sampling
- Small area estimates
- Nowcasting
- Integration techniques
- Machine learning

...All possible within the survey realm



What is acceptable?



鬯

Do it 'the survey way'

- Surveys typically start from a statistical philosophy
 - What do we want to measure? What is the target population? Which concepts to define? How to process? How to characterize quality? ...
- Well-established methods, language and tradition

- Philosophy remains relevant when dealing with other sources, methods etc may change
- How to transpose the philosophy to data science and AI?
 - TSE approach for machine learning (Puts & Daas, under construction)?



Data integration and multi-source statistics



Is the time of statistics over?

theguardian The long read How statistics lost their power - and why we should fear what comes next

3

The ability of statistics to accurately represent the world is declining. In its wake, a new age of big data controlled by private companies is taking over - and putting democracy in peril by William Davies In a post-truth world, statistics could provide an essential public service John Pullinger (National Statistician UK)

By combining the best of both worlds Statistics Netherlands

https://www.theguardian.com/politics/2017/jan /19/crisis-of-statistics-big-data-democracy

Data, data everywhere

Information has gone from scarce to superabundant.





Measuring innovation via websites

First a students' assignment









Based on data from 500,000 SMEs (CIS: 10,000 non-SMEs)



Now a project for the Ministry of Economic Affairs

- \geq Goals
 - \checkmark Better view of innovation landscape
 - Better targeting of subsidies \checkmark
- Project focused on two pilots \geq
 - **Energy transition-related** \checkmark innovation (North of NL)
 - University spin-offs \checkmark (Eindhoven region)



Many spin-offs





Statistical description of online platforms



22-3-2019 06:30 Then: survey among identified companies

Nico Heerschap (CBS) Nicky Pouw (UvA) Cybele Atmé (UvA)

December 201

terrein effect hebben. 'Zo kunnen ze bijdragen aan

A roadmap to multi-source statistics

© Marie Haldorson, SCB



2030

New capabilities

SCB

Change management - Culture

Common European Data Spaces What about surveys?





Common European Data Spaces



Commission

鬯

The European Health Data Space



Home > Press > Press releases

Council of the EU | Press release | 15 March 2024 01:10

European Health Data Space: Council and Parliament strike deal

This press release was updated on 22 March 2024 to include the link to the compromise text

The Council of the EU and the European Parliament have reached a provisional agreement on a new law making it easier to exchange and access health data at EU level. The agreement will now need to be endorsed by both the Council and the Parliament.

The proposed regulation for a European Health Data Space (EHDS) aims to improve individuals' access to and control over their personal electronic health data, while

Provisional agreement on a new law

After months of hard work and ded have a deal that will strong and scientific research i agreed on today will a

health data whereve providing scientific reasons of public inte data that will greatly b health policies.

- Frank Vandenbroucke, Belgian Deputy Prime-Minister and Health

Fasier access to health data for individuals

Under the new rules, individuals will have faster and easier ac health data, regardless of whether they are in their home cour or another member state. They will also have greater control over how the data is used. EU countries will be required to set up a **digital health authority** to implement the new provisions.

Greater research potential

Health Data Access Body

o electronic



ISSN 1831-9424



JRC SCIENCE FOR POLICY REPORT

EUROPEAN DATA SPACES

Scientific insights into data sharing and utilisation at scale

(80 pages)

Farrell, Eirnear, Minghini, Marco, Kotsev, Alexander, Soler-Garrido, Josepp, Tapsail, Brooke, Micheli, Marina, Posada, Monica, Signorelli, Serena; Tartaro, Alessio, Bernal, Jaime; Vespe, Michele; Di Leo, Margherita; Carballa-Smichowski, Bruno, Smith, Robin; Schade, Sven; Pogozelska, Katarzyna; Gabriell, Lorenso: De Marchi: Davide

2023

HOW CAN STAKEHOLDERS BENEFIT FROM SYNTHETIC DATA IN A DATA SPACE?

Synthetic data are data randomly and artificially generated from an original dataset and maintain a certain (given) similarity with it, while not including any of the original records but still preserving analytical value. Synthetic data can help overcome similar challenges in many fields of applications.

In the gap representation scenario, artificial profiles can be generated by exploiting technologies similar to those used by Big Tech companies for tailoring their advertising based on user preferences. Statistical personae are synthesised by crossing census data with additional data sources (e.g., behavioural surveys), and are used as input in model simulations to gain insights on habits, responses to policy scenarios, mobility patterns, contact tracing in epidemiological emergencies, etc.

WHICH ACTORS ARE PROVIDING WHAT TYPES OF DATA WITHIN SCOPE OF A DATA SPACE?

ORGANISATIONAL 🔞

The agency was either not aware of, or was aware of, yet did not use, additional data existing at the national level, such as, (i) a national university has already researched land use/cover changes in the Member State with a yearly frequency and produced openly-licensed change maps for each two-year period in the last 10 years; (ii) a private company has recently performed a survey of land use/land cover on a 10 km grid covering the whole country; (iii) an EU agency has released classified land use/land cover maps derived from satellite imagery; (iv) within a national citizen science project, volunteers have recently collected thousands of land use/land cover samples (geo-located photographs and descriptions) using a dedicated app. If these datasets were also used, they could have provided an essential contribution to complement, enrich and validate the government maps as well as to train and apply machine learning models assessing climate changes.



31

Synthetic data in official statistics (EU-SILC, 2014)



Centre of Excellence on Statistical Disclosure Control

- Public use files for Eurostat microdata
- Project documentation
- ▼ PUF Public Use Files
 - Background information for EU-SILC
- Background information for LFS
- PUF EU-SILC the data
- PUF LFS the data
- User support for and maintenance of SDC tools
- Harmonised protection of Census data
- Perturbative confidentiality methods
- CoE on SDC 2020-2024

Public microdata for EU-SILC have moved

The public microdata (Public Use Files) for EU-SILC have now moved from the project environment to the Eurostat production environment: http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/microdata/public-microdata.

Gradually more data will become available (more countries and more years). Access no longer requires registration.

Background information for EU-SILC

The EU-SILC (EU Statistics on income and Living Conditions) Public Use Files (PUFs) were created to enable interested parties to become familiar with using of EU-SILC microdata while protecting the privacy of data providers (Principle 5 of the European Statistics Code of Practice). The Public Use Files consist of fully synthetic data simulated using statistical modelling and statistical distributions in the original data. They have specifically been produced for testing purposes and education. The data structure of the EU-SIC 2PUEr is the same as for the EU-SIC. Scientific Use Files (2014) in the SIL of t

The PUFs are tailored to the following purposes:

- to enable accredited researchers to develop and write a code that may eventually be applied to the actual EU-SILC SUFs after the access is granted;
- to train accredited researchers on the use and complexity of conducting analyses with the EU-SILC PUFs prior to initiating the process to obtain access to the actual EU-SILC SUFs;
- 3. for statistical training.

The data cannot be used for any statistical inference to a wider population. With these data it is not possible to make generalised statements about individual characteristics or relationships between different personal or household characteristics. These files have limited research value; only the EV-SILG SUFs provide a basis for value danalysis. Any calculations based on PUFs or the conclusions drawn from them are to be produced at the sole risk and responsibility of the user with no warranty for accuracy or reliability given by the NSI that produced these EU-SILC PUFs or by Eurostat. Furthermore notifiest the NSI that roduced these EU-SILC PUFs provides the for any immomer



Concluding remarks



Hal Varian 'on workers and managers'



- Chief economist at Google
- Emeritus professor at Berkeley

The McKinsey Quarterly, Januari 2009:

I keep saying the sexy job in the next ten years will be statisticians (...)

Because now we really do have essentially free and ubiquitous data. So the complimentary scarce factor is the ability to understand that data and extract value from it.

I think statisticians are part of it. (...) Managers need to be able to access and understand the data themselves.



Is there a future for statistical surveys?

- Surveys are here to stay
- But innovation is a must
- If you can't beat them, join them



- Non-statistical questions become more important
 - Governance, ethical, legal, perception, alternative facts, ...

- Yes, there is a future for surveys
- And it looks different from the past







Facts that matter